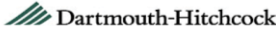


2019 Outpatient Data- All sources other than urine

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 Organisms Per CLSI guidelines, there should be 30 or more isolates to be considered statistically adequate for selecting antibiotics for treatment.	Number of Isolates	Penicillin	Ampicillin	Ox/Nafcillin	Ampicillin/Sulbactam	Piperacillin/Tazo	Cefazolin (first)	Cefuroxime (second)	Ceftazidime (third)	Ceftriaxone (third)	Cefepime (fourth)	Aztreonam	Meropenem	Daptomycin	Linezolid	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Vancomycin	Clindamycin	Erythromycin	Tetracycline	Trimethoprim-sulfa	Ciprofloxacin	Levofloxacin
GRAM POSITIVES																								
<i>Staphylococcus aureus -MSSA</i>	1405			100	100		100			100			100			99		100	76	66	94	97	92	94
<i>Staphylococcus aureus- MRSA</i>	447			0	0		0			0			0	100	100	98		100	67	15	89	92	55	55
<i>Staphylococcus coag. negative</i>	57			62	62		62			62			62			93		100	74	53	84	71	78	77
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> ¹	44	91						90		93	100		90					100		73	89	90		100
GRAM NEGATIVES																								
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>	44		57 ²																					
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	136		56		60	96	82	85	91	88	92	91	100			91	92				79	79	86	84
<i>Enterobacter cloacae complex</i>	38		0		0	89	0	0	86	86	95	79	100			97	97				100	97	100	100
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	38		0		79	95	96	92	97	97	96	97	97			100	100				84	90	100	97
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	123					96			95		91	81	96			94	100						85	82
¹ non-meningitis breakpoints, combined data from 2018 & 2019																								
² Negative β-lactamase predicts susceptibility to ampicillin																								
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